

## UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION N	
10/660,152	09/11/2003	Daniel A. Gamache	1814 US 4949		
7	590 , 05/19/2004	EXAMINER			
Teresa J. Schultz			HUI, SAN MING R		
6201 South Freeway Mail Code Q-148			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Fort Worth, TX 76134-2099			1617		
			DATE MAILED: 05/19/2004	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<del></del>			Application No.		Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/660,152		GAMACHE ET AL.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		San-ming Hu		1617				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed or	۱		•				
2a) <u></u> □	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)	☑ This action is non-	final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)🖂	4) Claim(s) 1 is/are pending in the application.							
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
•	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	Claim(s) <u>1</u> is/are rejected.							
	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)[_]	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requ	irement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Ex	aminer.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
. ا_ا(۱۰۱	The oath or declaration is objected to by	tne Examiner. Note t	ne attached Office	Action or form P10	O-152.			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority doci	uments have been re	eceived.	· · · · · ·				
<ul> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage</li> </ul>								
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
A44	•							
Attachment	(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	I	Interview Co.	IDTO 440)				
2) 🔲 Notica	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9	48)	Interview Summary ( Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te				
3) 🔀 Inforn	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/ No(s)/Mail Date <u>12-8-2003</u> .		Notice of Informal Pa	atent Application (PTO-	152)			
. upci	120 2000.	——————————————————————————————————————						

Art Unit: 1617

## **DETAILED ACTION**

This application claims benefit of provisional application 60/411,001, filed 09/16/2002.

Claim 1 is pending.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for angiogenic/edematous disorders listed in page 6, line 37 – page 7, line 5, does not reasonably provide enablement for other edema/angiogenic retina disorders. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. IN the instant case, the specification fails to provide information that would allow the skilled artisan to practice the instant invention without undue experimentation. Attention is directed to *In re Wands*, 8 USPQ2d 1400 (CAFC 1988) at 1404 where the court set forth the eight factors to consider when assessing if a disclosure would have required undue experimentation. Citing *Ex parte Forman*, 230 USPQ 546 (BdApls 1986) at 547 the court recited eight factors:

1) the quantity of experimentation necessary,

Art Unit: 1617

- 2) the amount of direction or guidance provided,
- 3) the presence of absence of working examples,
- 4) the nature of the invention,
- 5) the state of the prior art,
- 6) the relative skill of those in the art
- 7) the predictability of the art, and
- 8) the breadth of the claims.

edema/angiogenic related disorders. Applicant fails to set forth the criteria that define neither "edema-related retina disorder" nor a "angiogenic related retina disorder".

Additionally, Applicant fails to provide information allowing the skilled artisan to treat all angiogenic/edema related retina disorders without undue experimentation. In the instant case, only a limited number of the treatment of "edema/angiogenic related retina disorder" examples are set forth, thereby failing to provide sufficient working examples. It is noted that these examples are neither exhaustive, nor define the specific types of disorders treatable by the herein claimed method. The pharmaceutical art is unpredictable, requiring each embodiment to be individually assessed for physiological activity. The instant claims read on all "edema/angiogenic related retina disorder", necessitating an exhaustive search for the embodiments suitable to practice the claimed invention. Applicants fail to provide information sufficient to practice the claimed invention, absent undue experimentation.

Art Unit: 1617

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for specifically listed PDE IV inhibitors listed in page 6, lines 4-13, does not reasonably provide enablement for other PDE IV inhibitors. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. IN the instant case, the specification fails to provide information that would allow the skilled artisan to practice the instant invention without undue experimentation. Attention is directed to *In re Wands*, 8 USPQ2d 1400 (CAFC 1988) at 1404 where the court set forth the eight factors to consider when assessing if a disclosure would have required undue experimentation.

The claim is very broad that it encompasses all PDE IV inhibitors. However, Applicant fails to set forth the criteria that define what a "PDE IV inhibitor" is.

Additionally, Applicant fails to provide any chemical, physical, or structural information as to the inhibition of PDE IV by a particular compound. Furthermore, Applicant does not provide the structural-activity relationship as to the inhibition of PDE IV in the instant specification. Without such information, Applicant fails to provide information allowing the skilled artisan to ascertain these compounds without undue experimentation. In the instant case, only a limited number of "PDE IV inhibitors" examples are set forth, thereby failing to provide sufficient working examples. It is noted that these examples are neither exhaustive, nor define the class of compounds required. Without disclosing such information, one of skilled in the art would be required to assess the physiological activity of each embodiment individually. The instant claims read on all "PDE IV

Art Unit: 1617

inhibitor(s)", necessitating an exhaustive search for the embodiments suitable to practice the claimed invention. Applicants fail to provide information sufficient to practice the claimed invention, absent undue experimentation.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by WO 01/34606 (herein after '606).

'606 teaches isoindoline compounds useful as PDE IV inhibitors for the treatment of angiogenesis (See claims 31 and 36).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to San-ming Hui whose telephone number is (703) 305-1002. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon 9:00 to 1:00, Tu - Fri from 9:00 to 6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sreeni Padmanabhan, PhD., can be reached on (571) 272-0629. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Art Unit: 1617

Page 6

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

San-ming Hui

Patent Examiner

Art Unit 1617